

Konica Minolta Group Consolidated Financial Results Fiscal Year ended March 31, 2004

May 21, 2004 Konica Minolta Holdings, Inc.



Cautionary Statement

The forecasts mentioned in this material are the results of estimations based on currently available information, and accordingly, contain risks and uncertainties. The actual results of business performance may sometimes differ from those forecasts due to various factors.

IN THIS MATERIAL.....

Financial results for fiscal year ended March 31, 2004 include Minolta's interim term results, and those for fiscal year ended March 31, 2003 are aggregation of Konica and Minolta.



Section 1

Financial results for fiscal year ended March 2004 Forecasts for fiscal year ending March 2005

Masanori Hondo Senior Executive Officer

Highlight



[Billions of yer	۱
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	Mar 2004		Mar 2003		Plan as of Nov 14		
	Minolta	Konica Minolta	[A}	Konica + Minolta	[A] -[B]	Konica Minolta	[A] -[C]
	1st half (a)	Full year (b)	(a) + (b)	Full year [B]		Full year [C]	
Net sales	263.2	860.4	1,123.5	1,087.2	36.3	1,133.2	-9.7
Gross income	117.3	361.5	478.7	472.7	6.0		
Operating income	15.7	57.5	73.2	77.2	-4.0	66.7	6.5
Ordinary income	9.4	43.1	52.5	54.4	-2.0	51.0	1.5
Income before taxes	8.2	32.4	40.5	40.0	0.5	42.0	-1.5
Net income	6.8	12.5	19.3	29.1	-9.8	23.8	-4.5
EPS [Yen]	24.27	26.48	36.39*	* Net income [A] / Average	shares issued and	

^{*} Net income [A] / Average shares issued and outstanding at the end of Mar 2004

Foreign exchange rates

	P/L			[Yen]
	Mar 2004	Mar 2003	Change	
US\$	113.1	122.0	-8.9	Yen appreciation
Euro	132.6	121.0	11.6	Yen depreciation

Summary of business performance



Operations

- Business Technologies (Core business) -- Continued to grow resulting from the smooth shift to color and high-speed segments.
- Optics (Strategic business) Sales of lens units for digital cameras and mobile phones with camera function increased. Special films for LCD significantly grew as well.
- Photo Imaging and Camera —Profitability declined. Fundamental restructuring in process.

Integration

- Most group companies in Japan and overseas completed management integration / reorganization. The new integrated Konica Minolta brand was introduced.
- Integration costs recorded, as anticipated, 17.6 billion yen in non-operating costs and extraordinary loss, including 8.8 billion yen in SG&A.

Adjustments of corporate tax

 Tax effects could not be posted due to the deficit in Photo Imaging and Camera companies. This severely affected the bottom line. (Impact to the bottom: 10.9 billion yen)

Highlight - Business segment



Net sales			[[Billions of yen]	Operati	ng incom	ne	[Billions of yen]
	Mar 2004	Mar 2003	Change	Paln as of Nov 14	Mar 2004	Mar 2003	Change	Paln as of Nov 14
Business Technologies	618.8	594.7	24.1	624.6	62.9	52.6	10.3	52.4
Optics	85.9	54.1	31.8	79.1	15.3	12.4	2.9	12.7
Photo Imaging	146.9	163.1	-16.2	147.0	-0.3	8.3	-8.6	4.0
Camera	131.3	117.6	13.7	146.2	-6.4	2.1	-8.5	0.0
Medical & Graphic	125.6	117.4	8.2	120.0	7.9	9.3	-1.4	9.0
Sensing	9.7	9.7	0.0	10.4	1.8	2.0	-0.2	1.9
Holdings, others	5.4	30.6	-25.2	5.8	-7.9	-9.5	1.6	-13.3
Total	1,123.5	1,087.2	36.4	1,133.2	73.2	77.2	-4.0	66.7

Note: Classification of segment information used in this material is slightly different from that of "Kessan-Tanshin".

Impact of foreign exchange -- Business segment



Comparison with the previous year

[Billions of yen]

	Net sales	Operating income
Business Technologies	-3.6	8.5
Optics	-1.0	-0.8
Photo Imaging	-2.7	-1.8
Camera	-0.5	3.6
Medical & Graphic	-2.7	-0.6
Sensing	-0.1	-0.1
Holdings, others	0.0	0.0
Total	-10.6	8.8

Impact to operating income if changing 1 JPY

US\$	approx. 0.7 billion yen	
Euro	approx. 1.1 billion yen	

Note: Exchange rates used for calculation -- Average annual forex for FY ended March 2004

SG&A analysis – Mar 2004 vs. Mar 2003



[Billions of yen]

		[Billions of your]
Mar 2003	Mar 2004	increase/decrease
395.5	405.5	10.0
0 1	40.4	2.2
Sales promotion	18.4	-2.6
Advertising	25.6	5.1
Salaries and wages	166.5	3.6
Depreciation	12.2	2.3
Consolidation goodwill	2.9	2.9
Other sales promotin	116.9	-9.9
R&D	63.0	8.6

Integration cost in SG&A --- 11.2 billion yen including 2.4 billion yen for goodwill amortization and 8.8 billion yen for other expenses.

Non-operating income / expense analysis

- Mar 2004 vs. Mar 2003



[Billions	of y	/en
-----------	------	-----

Mar 2003	Mar 2004	Incerease/decrease
-22.9	-20.7	2.2
Interest expenses	-6.2	3.6
Foreign exhange loss	-5.0	0.4
Disposal/valuation losses of inventories	-8.0	1.6
Other	-1.5	-3.4

Integration costs in non-operating income/ expenses --- 3.1 billion yen

Extraordinary profit / loss analysis



	[Billions of yen] March 2004
Gain on sale of securities	0.1
Loss on disposal of assets	-3.5
Valuation loss on of securities	-0.6
Adjustment on return of entrusted portion of employee pension fund	-1.5
Integration costs	-5.8
Other	-0.7
Total	-12.0

Extraordinary profit / loss for fiscal year ended March 2003: -14.3 billion yen

Business Technologies





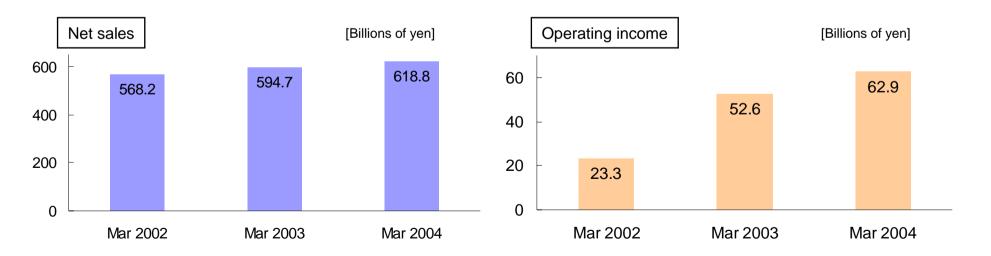
MFP and LBP businesses expanded due to the improved product-mix by adding color and high-speed models.

MFP

- Color MFP: Sales increased by strengthening product lineup in mid- and high-speed segments. (Y-O-Y: approx. 80% points up, unit base)
- B/W MFP: Profit increased due to the accelerating shift to high-speed segments. (Y-O-Y: approx. 10% points up in Seg.4 and above, unit base)

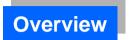
LBP

- Low-speed desk-top (A4 size) color LBP: Sales remained strong, especially OEM. (Y-O-Y: approx. 40% points up, unit base)
- Consumables: Began to generate profits resulting from the increasing number of machine in the field.



Optics





Almost all businesses showed considerably favorable performance compared with the previous year thanks to the advantages brought by the integration.

Optical pick-up lenses

Favorable performance, especially lenses for DVD (Y-O-Y: approx. 20% points up, unit base)

Lens units for digital cameras

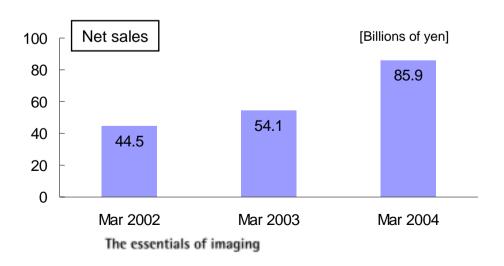
Significant sales increase by developing new major accounts (Y-O-Y: approx. 35% points up, unit base)

Lens units and camera units for mobile phones

Sales of lens units for high-resolution / high-value-added models for Japanese manufactures steadily increased.

Films for LCD

Sales of thin films for lap-top PCs increased. (Y-O-Y: approx. 50% points up, unit base)



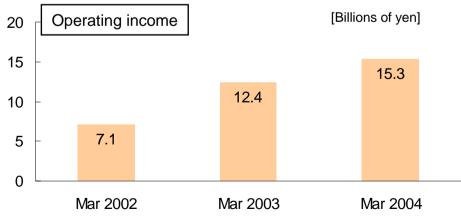


Photo Imaging and Camera





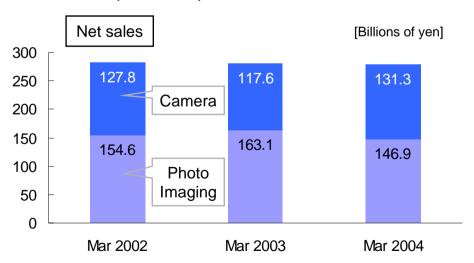
Overall business deteriorated due to the intensified price competition and the drastic change of the market. Aim for recovery by undertaking fundamental restructuring in 2004.

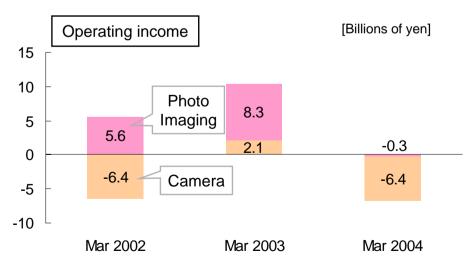
Photo Imaging

- Color films: Sales declined by 20% points due to the falling demand in Japan, US and Europe. Overall photo imaging business performance declined.
- Photo paper: Sales steadily increased thanks to the expansion of digital lab sales
- Inkjet paper: Sales, especially in high-quality paper, increased more than the market growth rate.

Camera

Digital cameras: Sales doubled Y-O-Y on unit base, however, profitability drastically declined due to the severe price competition in the market.





Medical & Graphic and Sensing





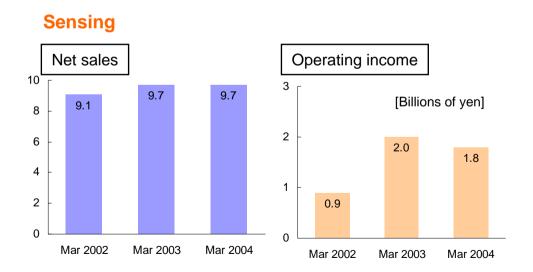
Medical & Graphic

- Medical: Generated stable profit. Sales of digital X-ray imaging systems remained strong. Sales of dry-film type systems increased.
- Graphic: Sales as well as profit in films and paper declined due to the falling demand in the market.

Sensing

Light source color measurement systems used for lap-top PC's display: Sales continued to show steady growth.

Medical & Graphic Net sales Operating income 12 120 125.6 [Billions of yen] 118.8 117.4 10.9 10 9.3 90 8 7.9 6 60 4 30 2 Mar 2002 Mar 2002 Mar 2003 Mar 2004 Mar 2003 Mar 2004



Integration costs – March 2004



[Billions of yen]

	1st half	2nd half	Full year
SG&A	1.5	7.3	8.8
Non-operating expenses	2.0	1.1	3.1
Extraordinary losses	0.1	5.6	5.8
Total	3.6	14.0	17.6

Relocation of operational sites, moving subsidies, integration of IT, advertising, other

Due to the change of accounting policy

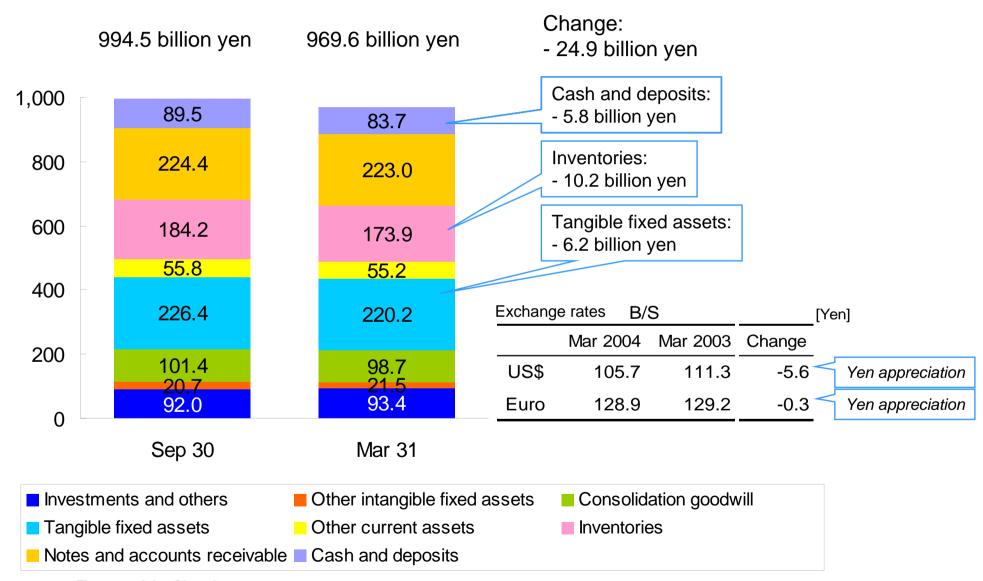
Rationalization of human resources, other

	Plan as of Mar 19
SG&A	12.6
Non-operating expenses / Extraordinary losses	5.4
Total	18.0

Note: Goodwill amortization of 2.4 billion yen is not included in the above charts.

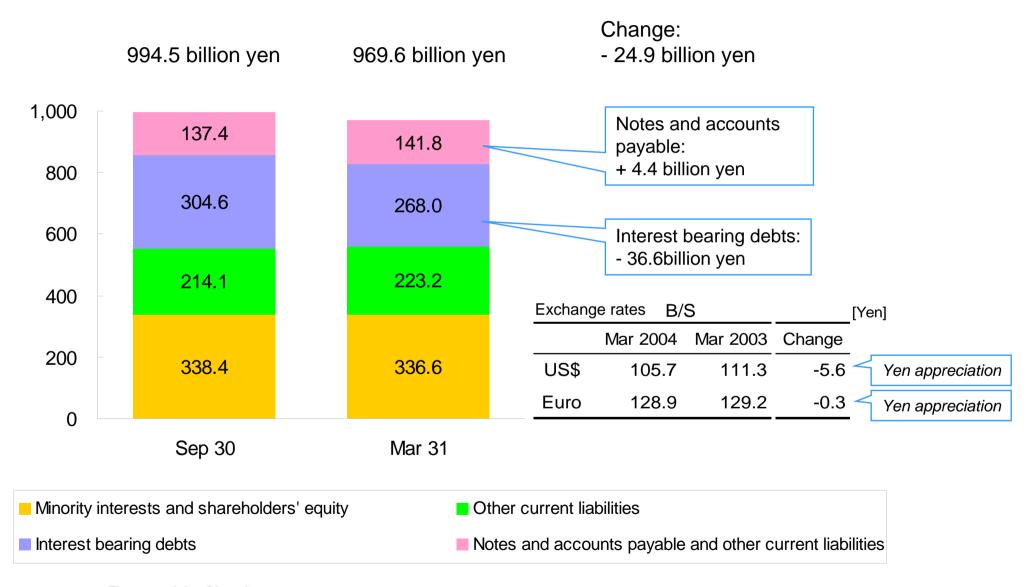
B/S - Assets





B/S – Liabilities and shareholders' equity





Cash flows



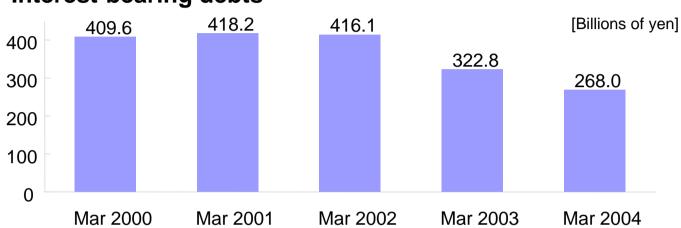
[Billions of yen]

		Mar 2004	Mar 2003	Change
	Income before income taxes	40.5	40.0	0.5
	Depreciation and amortization	55.6	53.8	1.8
	Increase (decrease) of working capital	-10.0	51.7	-61.7
l.	Net cash by operating activities	86.1	145.5	-59.4
II.	Net cash by investment activities	-31.9	-52.6	20.7
1.+	II. Free cash flow	54.2	92.9	-38.7
	Increase (decrease) in debts and bonds	-48.3	-90.1	41.8
	Dividends paid	-5.3	-3.6	-1.7
	Others	-1.7	-0.4	-1.3
III.	Net cash by financing activities	-55.3	-94.1	38.8

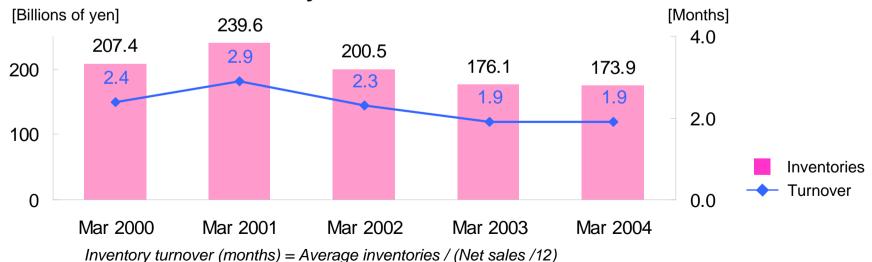
Interest-bearing debts and inventories



Interest-bearing debts



Inventories and inventory turnover



Forecasts March 2005 -- Actions



Key actions for the year

Fiscal Year ending March 2005



Consolidate Management Foundation

- Expand business and strengthen profitability by concentrating management resources on Business Technologies and Optics businesses
- 2. Undertake fundamental business restructuring in Photo Imaging and Camera businesses to restore profitability
- 3. Promote human resources integration and generate rationalization effects and management integration synergies.
- 4. Promote new Konica Minolta brand

Forecasts March 2005



Projected foreign exchange rates for fiscal year ending March 2005

US\$	105 yen
Euro	127 yen

[Billions of yen]

				[DIIIIONS OF YEN]	
	Forec	Forecasts Mar 2005			
	1st half 2nd half Full year				
Net sales	550.0	600.0	1,150.0	1,123.5	
Operating income	33.5	51.5	85.0	73.2	
Net income	9.5	20.5	30.0	19.3	
Investments (excluding lease equipment in Business Technologies) 63.0					
Depreciation and Amortization 58.0					
R&D 71.0					

Forecasts March 2005 – Actions by business segment



Business Technologies

- Promptly materialize management integration effects
- Strengthen marketing, especially direct sales, and launch timely new color / mid- to high-speed MFPs.

Optics

- Solidify the top market share in pick-up lens for DVD
- Expand lens unit and micro lens unit businesses
- Expand electric material business and increase profitability by strengthen the marketing of special-function films

Photo Imaging / Camera

- Film / photo paper business Drastic cost reduction by improving production efficiency. Expand inkjet paper sales
- Digital cameras Shift to high-value added products and reduce costs
- Reduce sales costs by taking advantage of the integration of Photo Imaging and Camera companies

Medical & Graphic

- Medical Promote dry film sales by expanding digital X-ray imaging systems sales
- Graphic Promote digital proofing systems business and magnify overseas market share
- Overall Promote overseas sales (Plant in China: Established Mar. 2004, Marketing company in Europe: Established Apr. 2004)

Sensing

- 3D digitizers -- Expand business in the industrial measurement field
- Color measurement: Promote sales in the car and FDP industries

Forecasts March 2005 – Breakdown by business segment



				[Billions of yen]		
	Fore	Forecasts - Mar 2005				
	1st half	1st half 2nd half Full year				
Net Sales						
Business Technologies	285.0	315.0	600.0	618.8		
Optics	45.0	55.0	100.0	85.9		
Photo Imaging*	150.0	154.0	304.0	278.2		
Medical & Graphic	65.0	70.0	135.0	125.6		
Sensing	5.0	6.0	11.0	9.7		
Holdings, others	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.4		
Total	550.0	600.0	1,150.0	1,123.5		
Operating income						
Business Technologies	24.0	36.0	60.0	62.9		
Optics	8.5	10.0	18.5	15.3		
Photo Imaging*	-1.5	1.5	0.0	-6.7		
Medical & Graphic	3.5	5.0	8.5	7.9		
Sensing	1.0	1.0	2.0	1.8		
Holdings, others	-2.0	-2.0	-4.0	-7.9		
Total	33.5	51.5	85.0	73.2		

^{*&}quot;Photo Imaging" = Photo Imaging + Camera

Forecasts March 2005 – Integration costs



				[Billions of yen]	
	Forec	Forecasts - Mar 2005			
	1st half 2nd half Full year				
SG&A	4.6	3.8	8.4	12.0	
Non-operating expenses	2.5	2.5	5.0	} 8.0	
Extraordinary losses	2.2	2.1	4.3		
Total	9.3	8.4	17.7	20.0	

Note: Goodwill amortization 4.9 billion yen will be posted separately.



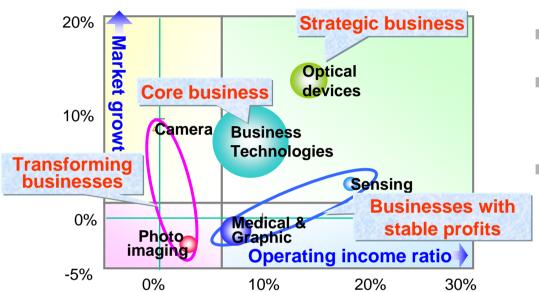
Section 2

Business Technologies Strategies

Fumio Iwai President & CEO

Konica Minolta's business portfolio





- Business Technologies will continue to grow as a core business.
- Optics will continue to expand, and become a secure source of profits together with Business Technologies.
- Photo Imaging, Camera, and Medical & Graphic will focus on securing profits rather than expanding business size while quickly developing new businesses to respond to the advancing digitization and the shrinking film market.
- Sensing will focus on maintaining high profitability while magnifying business

Group's Medium Term Targets

[Billions of yen]

	Result	Plan		
	Mar 2004	Mar 2005	Mar 2006	Mar 2007
Net sales	1,123.6	1,150.0	1,230.0	1,330.0
Operating income	73.2	85.0	145.0	160.0

Medium term business targets



CORE BUSINESS

Expand operations, and generate profits and cash flows while establishing a solid position in the top group of the industry

Targets	[Billions of yen]					
rargets	Result		Plan			
	Mar 2004	Mar 2005	Mar 2006	Mar 2007		
Net sales	618.8	600.0	680.0	740.0		
Operating income	62.9	60.0	90.0	103.0		

Concentrate management resources [2004 – 2006]

Approx. 50% of Group's management resources

- Investments Approx. 100 billion yen for strengthening sales channels, installing new polymerization toner facilities, and reinforcing production in China
- **IT investments** Preferentially allocate Group's resources to Business Technologies to promptly establish the integrated manufacturing-marketing IT system
- R&D investments Approx. 100 billion yen for enhancing polymerization toner development, strengthening solution development capabilities, and developing next-generation color models

Business environment



The competition in the business technologies field is anticipated to intensify due to the acceleration of technology innovations and the diversification of customer needs.

Changes in Technologies

Expansion and diversification of network

Acceleration of digitalization

Need more sophisticated product development and technologies

Changes in Market Increase and diversification of information

Diversification of customer needs

Need enhanced competitiveness to acquire a top position

Changes in Competition

Globalization

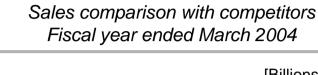
Borderless

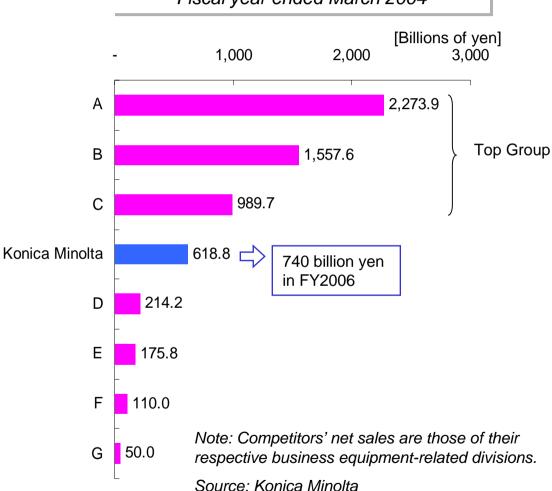


Companies worldwide compete without barriers of any business types (= Mega-competition)

Competitors (positioning in the industry)







Konica Minolta broke out of the lower group, however, there remains significant gap between Konica Minolta and the top group.



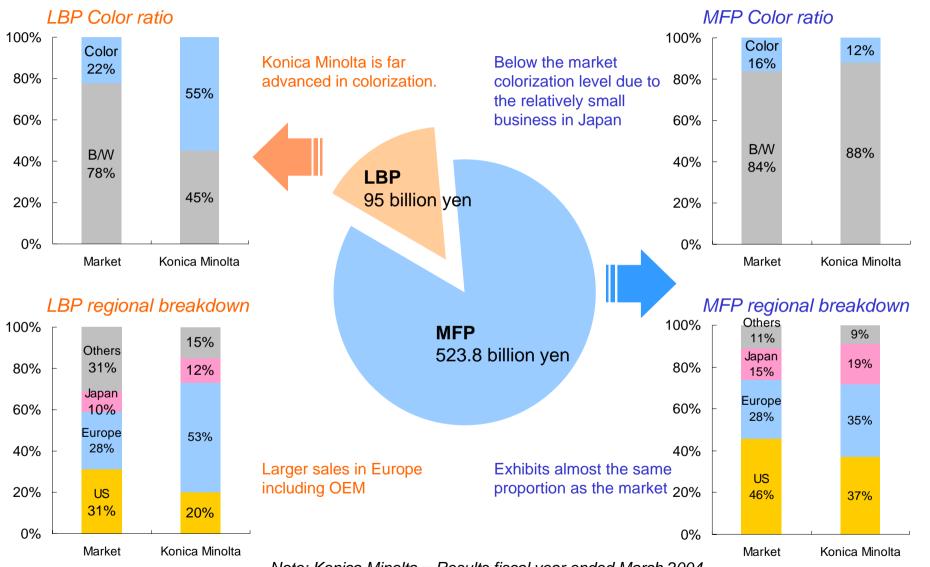
 Concentrate on Konica Minolta's strength

"Genre top" categories / fields:
Color MFP, high-speed MFP, color LBP...

 Magnify operations by propelling strategic alliances

Konica Minolta's profile



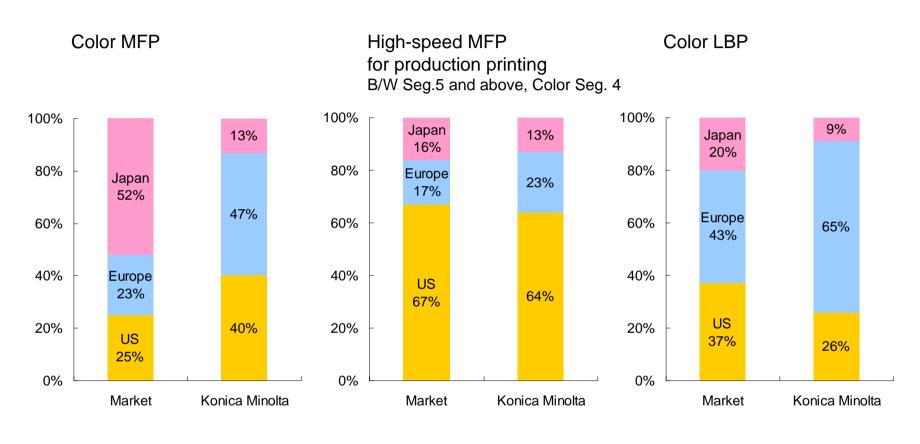


The essentials of imaging

Note: Konica Minolta = Results fiscal year ended March 2004 Market = Source by Konica Minolta

"Genre top" strategy -- Primary business areas for growth





Strong sales in US and Europe

Increasing sales including OEM in US

Strong sales including OEM in Europe

Note: Konica Minolta = Results fiscal year ended March 2004, unit base Market = Source by Konica Minolta, unit base

"Genre Top" strategies



Concentrate management resources on the promising areas and establish a solid position there

Color MFP

Become one of the players in the top group

Market share target for fiscal year ending March 2007: 20%

High-speed MFP

Establish a solid position in the production printing field by reinforcing high-speed MFP (color, B/W) business

Sales target for fiscal year ending March 2007: 60 billion yen

Color LBP

Solidify the leading position in the desk-top color LBP field

Market share target for fiscal year ending March 2007: 30%

"Genre Top" strategies – Market share development



		FY 20	01	FY 20	02	FY 20	03	
	Japan	3.9%	4th	2.2%	5th	2.0%	5th	X Large gap between Konica Minolta and the top group
Color MFP	US	10.8%	3rd	12.0%	3rd	12.7%	4th	Aim for the top
	Germany	18.3%	2nd	29.2%	1st	23.4%	1st	Further expand market share
	Japan	8.5%	4th	9.6%	4th	13.9%	4th	Efforts to expand market share
B/W MFP Seg. 4	US	14.7%	2nd	14.6%	2nd	15.0%	2nd	Further expand market share
	Germany	24.3%	1st	29.7%	1st	30.3%	1st	O Consolidate the #1 market share
Desk-top	Japan	9.7%	3rd	19.7%	2nd	21.9%	2nd	#1 market share in low- to mid-speed models.
Color LBP	Western Europe	22.0%	2nd	28.8%	2nd	30.8%	2nd	Expand market share by launcing tandem machine

Note: Color LBP --- European markets include OEM

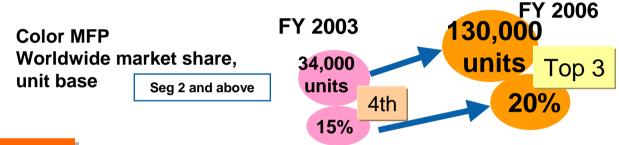
Color MFP – Mission and tactics



Mission

Become one of the top three players in the color MFP field

Sales target of Color MFP for fiscal year ending March 2007: More than 130,000 units



Tactics

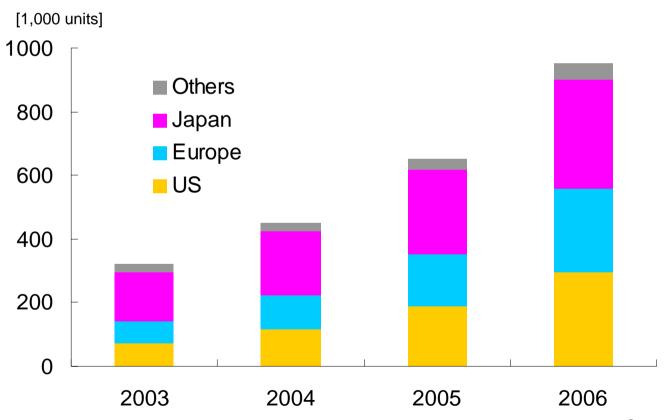
- Promote replacement of B/W with Color and achieve "big share revolution" in the industry
 - Enhance high image quality with polymerization toner and color image processing technologies. Expand sales by promoting TOC advantages
 - Provide the most enhanced product lineup in the industry including color products with substantial features, equivalent to B/W models
- Provide solutions and promote services
 - Provide document work flow tailored to the customers' individual needs by enhancing both input/output hardware and software
- Promote comprehensive cost reduction
 - Achieve efficiency in R&D, procurement and purchasing by taking advantages of the integration, and develop cost-effective new products

[Reference] Development of Color MFP market



Projection of worldwide Color MFP market

Colorization will rapidly advance against the slow growth of the MFP market including B/W MFPs.



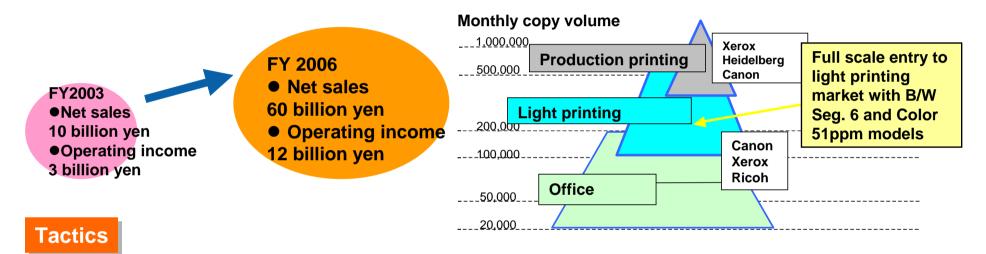
High-speed MFP – Mission and tactics



Mission

Establish a solid position in the light production printing field

Sales target for fiscal year ending March 2007: More than 60 billion yen



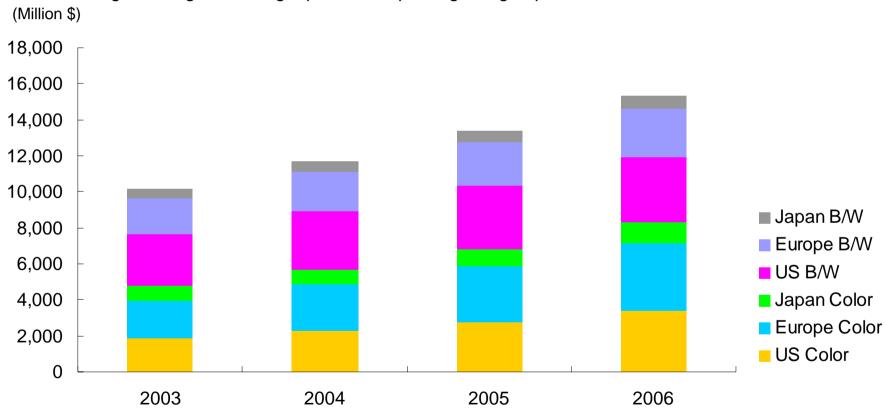
- Full-scale entry with high-speed color models and B/W Seg.6 models
 - Enhanced product lineup suitable for professional use
- Expand light production printing sales in US and Europe followed by the sales expansion in Japan
 - Establish dedicated sales force in the major overseas marketing companies to strengthen sales solutions
- Magnify sales by utilizing Business Technologies and Medical & Graphic companies through their respective sales channels
- Cultivate sales channels by aggressively developing OEM business

[Reference] Development of light production printing (POD) market



Projection of light production printing market, value base

Significant growth of light production printing in high-speed B/W and Color fields



Note: Values include hardware, consumables and service

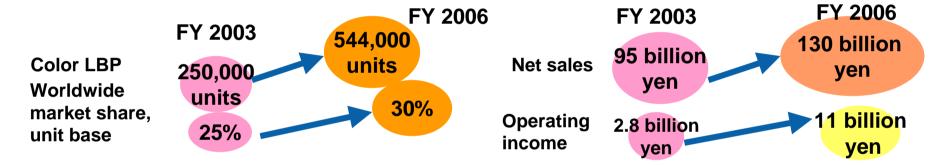
Color LBP – Mission and tactics



Mission

Increase profits on a consolidated basis by solidifying the top position in the desk-top (A4 size) color LBP filed

Generate greater profits in consumables business by increasing the number of LBPs in the field Operating profit target for fiscal year ending March 2007: Aim for more than 10 billion yen



Tactics

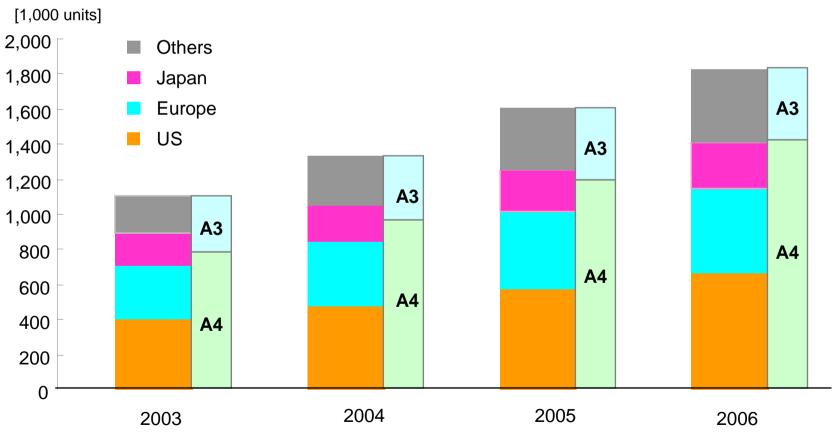
- Strengthen and expand own brand business
 - Strengthen retailed outlets (IT distributors, e-commerce, MFP sales channels)
 - Reinforce business in China, Japan and Eastern Europe
- Increase profits in consumables by expanding products with polymerization toner
 - Tactics focusing on consumables marketing
- Introduce color products with enhanced features and increase competitiveness by continuous cost reduction
 - (1) Low-speed color LBPs (2) LBPs with tandem engine (3) All-in-one LBPs

[Reference] Development of color LBP market



Color LBP market

Continuous growth is anticipated in Color LBP market, especially in desk-top (A4 size) segment



Source: Konica Minolta

Distinctive advantages of Konica Minolta's polymerization toner

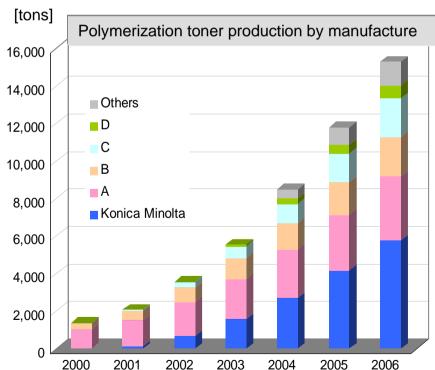


By March 2006, achieve #1 position in the polymerization toner industry by leveraging technological advantages and loading aggressively polymerization toner into products

- Realize high-definition and high-quality printing, especially in color
- Overwhelming number of patent (approx. 660 cases)
- Largest production in the industry reinforced by the new plant that will be established in 2005. (Anticipated production: 8,000 tons per year)
- Widest product lineups in the industry in various categories; MFP and LBP, in B/W and color, from mid-&low-speed to high-speed

Polymerization toner has a number of technological advantages. MFPs and LBPs, especially color models loaded the toner can be greatly differentiated from other products.

Advantages	Benefits
Small particles	High-definition
	Low cost
Highly uniform size and	Low volatility in image quality
shape	Easy to control
Possible to apply unique	Low glare, easy to write on,
layers to particles	improve machine reliability,
	longer product life
Low heat fixing	No curling, short start-up time,
	downsizing of heaters and
	cooling fans, low noise, energy-
	saving, low cost



Enhancement of power by management integration -- R&D, manufacturing, and marketing --



R&D

 Gather R&D teams at Atsugi Site in the first half of fiscal year ending March 2005 to develop software tailored to customers



Eliminate duplicated functions caused by the geographically dispersed labs, and improve R&D power and speed in order to promptly respond to customer needs



Strengthen production printing business -- Establish flexible software development system to provide individually tailored software to customers

Manufacturing and procurement

- Increase production efficiency by commencing operation at the new polymerization toner plant in 2005
- Generate the economy of scale by centralizing procurement and review vendors
- Expand in-house production of key devices
- Strengthen production in China



Aim to reduce costs by more than 20 billion yen in 2005 (Comparison with 2003)

Marketing

- Establish enhanced direct sales system by completing management integration at the major marketing companies in Japan, US and Europe
- Rationalize back-office function by integrating sales offices and IT systems
- Introduce the new brand of MFP product line, "bizhub"

Enhancement of power by management integration

-- Comprehensive strength --



Establishment of business foundation that realizes flexible and prompt response to the borderless customer needs between MFP and LBP

Growth in both MFP and LBP

- Marketing of all products with "OWN brand" through "OWN worldwide sales network" without relaying on OEM sales channels
- LBP and MFP controller development enhanced by the management integration
- Knowledge that realizes low-cost product development for LBPs and high reliability in high-speed MFPs
- Wide-ranging sales channels from volume retailers, business equipment dealers, IT-related products dealers to production printing

Market-leading polymerization toner

- Rapidly increase profits in the consumables business by providing a wide range of products loaded polymerization toner
- Intensive investment in R&D and manufacturing of polymerization toner aiming for further improvement of production efficiency

OEM business in strategic areas

Expand business opportunities by promoting strategic alliance with major OEM customers



Konica Minolta's new brand for MFPs

bizhub

New brand name: "business + hub"

A compound world of "biz" from business and "hub".

"Hub" means a center of activity, interest or networks -- a focal point.

Concept: "bzhub puts you at the hub of your business"

The concept of "buzhub" is to put business people at the

hub of their business.

New product lineup with new brand



- Start launching new products with "bizhub" in Spring 2004 worldwide
- Introduce 20 models with "bizhub" from 2004 to 2006





Color: 22 ppm

B/W: 35 ppm



bizhub 7235

B/W: 35 ppm